

$GL(n, \mathbb{R})$

§ Огнокарнифические подгруппы

Ogn.] G — кон. группы
однокар. подгруппа f — \rightarrow

$\gamma : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow G$

свойст.
изоморфизм.

однокар. подгр. — это же подгруппа,
а найд.

Teor.] γ — однокар. подгр. кп. $GL(n, \mathbb{R})$
тогда $\gamma \in C^\infty(\mathbb{R})$

$$\gamma(t) = e^{tA}, \quad A \in M(n, \mathbb{R})$$

Dane. $\exists \gamma \in C^1$

$$\gamma(t+s) = \gamma(t)\gamma(s)$$

$$\left. \frac{d}{dt} \right|_{t=0} \begin{cases} \gamma'(s) = \gamma'(0) \gamma(s) \\ \gamma(0) = I \end{cases}$$

$$\gamma(s) = e^{sA} \quad , \quad A = \gamma'(0)$$

$$? \quad \gamma \in C^1. \quad \exists \alpha \in C_0^\infty(\mathbb{R}) \quad \alpha \geq 0$$

$$f(t) = \int_{\mathbb{R}} \alpha(t-s) \gamma(s) ds$$

$$f \in C^\infty(\mathbb{R}) \quad f(t) = \int_{\mathbb{R}} \alpha(s) \gamma(t-s) ds =$$

$$= \gamma(t) B \quad , \quad B = \int_{\mathbb{R}} \alpha(s) \gamma(-s) ds$$

$$\exists \int_{\mathbb{R}} \alpha(s) ds = 1 \quad \text{supp } \alpha \subset V$$

$$s \in V \Rightarrow \|\gamma(-s) - I\| < \varepsilon$$

$$\text{Then } \|B - I\| \leq \varepsilon$$

§ Anreapa mu nseendud spyna ke

$\exists G$ - un. sp. m $\subset GL(n, \mathbb{R})$

$$\text{Lie}(G) = \left\{ X \in M(n, \mathbb{R}) \mid \exp^{tX} \in G \right. \\ \left. \quad \forall t \in \mathbb{R} \right\}$$

Teg. $\text{Lie}(G)$ - ліній. лінг. гп-бо,
якщо відповідає матр.

Дов. $X, Y \in \text{Lie}(G)$

$$\left(\exp \frac{tX}{k} \exp \frac{tY}{k} \right)^k \xrightarrow[k \rightarrow \infty]{} \exp[t(X+Y)] \in G$$

$$\Rightarrow X+Y \in \text{Lie}(G)$$

$$t > 0 \quad \left(\exp \frac{\sqrt{t}X}{k} \exp \frac{\sqrt{t}Y}{k} \exp \frac{-\sqrt{t}X}{k} \exp \frac{-\sqrt{t}Y}{k} \right)^k \xrightarrow{k^2}$$

$$\rightarrow \exp(t[X, Y]) \in G$$

$$t < 0 \quad X \leftrightarrow Y \quad \Rightarrow \quad [X, Y] \in \text{Lie}(G)$$

Дуг. Але якщо м g нас.

бесп. гп-бо, надійде
зупинка операції

$$g \times g \rightarrow g \\ (X, Y) \rightarrow [X, Y]$$

co зберегти

i) симетричні

$$x) [X, Y] = -[Y, X]$$

3) ~~Proceedes~~ ~~mode~~:

$$[X, [Y, Z]] + [Y, [Z, X]] + [Z, [X, Y]] = 0$$

Beus. ~~new~~ ~~comm.~~ as. in ~~conservancy~~.

$$[X, Y] = XY - Y'X$$

$$\underline{M(n, \mathbb{R})}$$

$$M(n, \mathbb{C})$$

$$\underbrace{\text{Lie}(G)}$$



Пример:

$$1) \text{Lie}(GL(n, \mathbb{R})) = gl(n, \mathbb{R}) = M(n, \mathbb{R})$$

$$\text{Lie}(GL(n, \mathbb{C})) = gl(n, \mathbb{C}) = M(n, \mathbb{C})$$

$$2) \text{Lie}(\overbrace{SL(n, \mathbb{R})}) = sl(n, \mathbb{R}) = \{X \in M(n, \mathbb{R}) \mid \underbrace{\text{tr} X}_X = 0\}$$

$$\ln \det B = \text{tr} \ln B, \quad B = e^X$$

$$sl(n, \mathbb{C}) = \{X \in M(n, \mathbb{C}) \mid \text{tr} X = 0\}$$

$$3) \text{Lie}(SO(n)) = so(n) = \{X \mid X^T = -X\}$$

$$\exp X^T = \exp(-X) = (\exp X)^{-1}$$

$$so(n) = o(n)$$

$$4) \text{Lie}(\mathcal{U}(n)) = \mathfrak{n}(n) = \{ X \in M(n, \mathbb{C}) \mid X^* = -X \}$$

$$5) \text{Lie}(SU(n)) = \mathfrak{su}(n) = \{ X \mid X^* = -X, \text{tr } X = 0 \}$$

$$6) sl(2, \mathbb{R}) \\ H = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}, E = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, F = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$[H, E] = 2E, [H, F] = -2F, [E, F] = H$$

$$7) \text{An. m agr. sp. operacion} \\ (a, b) \cdot (x, y) = (a + bx, by)$$

$$a, x \in \mathbb{R} \quad b, y > 0. \\ \begin{pmatrix} b & a \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} y & x \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} by & bx+a \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\exp tX = \begin{pmatrix} b(t) & a(t) \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$X = \begin{pmatrix} b'(0) & a'(0) \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad X_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$X_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$[X_1, X_2] = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} = X_2$$

Defin. g, h an. m g izomorfne
an. m h , even \exists sur. srodk.
 $A : g \rightarrow h$,

Coop. ex. lie

$$A[X, Y] = [AX, AY]$$

$\text{Aut}(g)$ - група єдн. відомостей
вл. в g .

$$g = \text{Lie}(G)$$

$$g \exp X g^{-1} = \exp(g X g^{-1})$$

$$X \in \text{Lie}(G) \Rightarrow g X g^{-1} \in \text{Lie}(G)$$

$$\text{Ad}(g) : X \mapsto g X g^{-1}$$

$$\text{Ad}_g h = g h g^{-1}$$

$\text{Ad}(g) \in \text{Aut}(\text{Lie}(G))$:

$$g \underbrace{(X Y - Y X)}_{\tilde{g}^1 g} g^{-1} = \left[g X g^{-1}, g Y g^{-1} \right]$$

$$\text{Ad}(g)[X, Y] = [\text{Ad}(g)X, \text{Ad}(g)Y]$$

$$\text{Ad}(g_1 g_2) = \text{Ad}(g_1) \cdot \text{Ad}(g_2)$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Ad} : G \rightarrow \text{Aut}(\underline{\text{Lie}(G)})$$

відомості - нечасті неподібності

$$\text{Tez. } \left. \frac{d}{dt} \right|_{t=0} \text{Ad}(\exp t X) = \text{ad } X$$

$$\text{ad } X(Y) = [X, Y] = XY - YX \quad X, Y \in \text{Lie}(G)$$

$$\text{Dow. } \left. \frac{d}{dt} \right|_{t=0} \text{Ad}(\exp t X)Y = \left. \frac{d}{dt} \right|_{t=0} (\exp t X \cdot Y \cdot \exp(-t X))$$

$$= XY - YX = \text{ad } X(Y)$$

$$\text{Gedanke } \text{Ad} \exp X = \underline{\text{Exp}} \text{ad } X$$

$$X \in \text{Lie}(G)$$

$$\text{Exp: } \exp : \underline{\mathcal{L}(g)} \rightarrow \underline{\underline{GL(g)}}$$

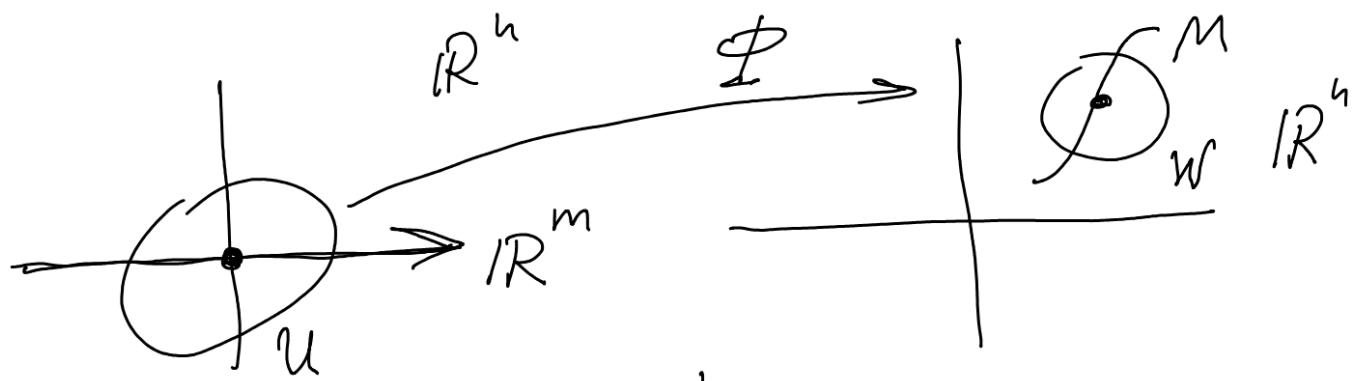
$$g = \text{Lie}(G)$$

$$\text{Dow. } \text{Ad} \exp t X \circ \text{Exp}^{t \text{ad } X}$$

$$\left. \frac{d}{dt} \right|_{t=0} \text{ad } X \quad (\text{Sym.})$$

§ Merkbares: If. M kare endlichdimensional.

Opp. M was. nicht unendlichdimensional \mathbb{R}^n
ausgespannt von, dann $M \subset \mathbb{R}^n$
 $\text{spannende } \mathcal{B} \subset M$



\exists exp. $U \ni 0 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^n$

exp. $W \ni x \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^n$

geodifferential $\phi : U \rightarrow W$

taut, $\phi(U \cap \mathbb{R}^m) = W \cap M$

$$\mathbb{R}^n \cong M(n, \mathbb{R})$$

Lemma \exists G - univ. gr. zu

$\exists g_n \in G$, $g_n \neq I$, $g_n \rightarrow I$

terau na konvergenz

Beispiel

$$X_n = \frac{\ln g_n}{\|\ln g_n\|}$$

$\text{Lie}(G)$.

versetzt

Dok. $X_n \rightarrow X$ $\exp X$

$$Y_n = \ln g_n \quad \|Y_n\| \rightarrow 0$$

$$\gamma_n = \frac{t}{\|Y_n\|}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \lambda_n Y_n &= t X_n \rightarrow t X & e^{Y_n} &= g_n \\
 \lambda_n Y_n && (\lambda_n - [\lambda_n]) Y_n & [\lambda_n] \\
 e^t &= e^t \rightarrow I & g_n & \\
 \|(\lambda_n - [\lambda_n]) Y_n\| &\rightarrow 0 & & \\
 e^{tX} &= \lim e^{\lambda_n Y_n} = \lim g_n \in G & [\lambda_n] \\
 &\Rightarrow X \in \text{Lie}(G) & &
 \end{aligned}$$

Credibile $\exists m$ - gen. np-leso
 \downarrow
 $g = \text{Lie}(G)$
 $\mathcal{L} M(n, \mathbb{R})$

Per \exists seg. $U > 0$ b m
 s.t., \forall

$$(\exp U) \cap G = \{I\}$$

Dov. o s.p. u.s.

$\overline{\exists} X_n \in \mathbb{m}$, $X_n \rightarrow 0$,

$$\exp X_n \in G.$$

Per s.p. s.a.
 s.p. $\frac{X_n}{\|X_n\|}$
 s.p. $\text{Lie}(G) = g$
 s.p. X -s.p. s.p., s.p.

$X \in \mathfrak{m}$ (b. any James 10)

$\Rightarrow X = 0$, skorib. $\|X\| = 1$

Lemma] Eu F-gon. nodur-ka
 $\in M(n, \mathbb{R})$

Togt orodjencesen

$\phi: E \times F \rightarrow GL(n, \mathbb{R})$

$$\phi(X, Y) = e^X \cdot e^Y$$

abr. gupperejekjefremser u

$$(d\phi)_{(0,0)}(X, Y) = X + Y$$

B racossen \exists oeg. $U \ni 0$ & E

u oeg. $V \ni 0$ & F racce, no

$U \times V$ - ϕ -guppemopgrus
oeg. $I \in GL(n, \mathbb{R})$

Teor.] G - muk. up. ka

$\mathfrak{g} = \text{Lie}(G)$. Togt \exists oeg. $U \ni 0$

b \mathfrak{g} u oeg. $V \ni e \in G$ racce, no

$\exp: U \rightarrow V$ - homeomopgrus
(\Rightarrow guppem.)

Def. Es sei $U_0 \supset 0$ in $M(n, \mathbb{R})$
 u. o. $V_0 \supset I$ in $GL(n, \mathbb{R})$:
 exp : $U_0 \rightarrow V_0$ - sogenannt.

\Rightarrow exp : $U_0 \cap g \xrightarrow{b} V_0 \cap G$
 no neutral comp., b abhängig von g ?
 ferner differ in one comp. $\underline{\underline{ka}}$?

] m - gen. rotig $\xrightarrow{k} M(a, \mathbb{R})$

$U_0 = U \times W$
 $\uparrow \quad \uparrow$
 $b^g \quad b^m$
 o. o. o. o.
 b g b m

] ϕ : $U_0 \rightarrow V_0$ - sogenannt
 log. $I \in GL(n, \mathbb{R})$

] w : $(\exp W) \cap G = \{I\}$

To zeigen wäre $\exp U = V_0 \cap G$:
 $g \in V_0 \cap G$ $\quad g = e^x e^y$
 $x \in U, y \in W$

$$e^X = e^{-X} \cdot g \xrightarrow{\text{by } G} \Rightarrow e^X = I \Rightarrow e^X = g$$

$\Phi : U_0 \rightarrow V_0 \leftarrow \text{mapp.}$

$\phi_g : U_0 \cap g \xrightarrow{\text{ta}} V_0 \cap G$

$\exp : U_1 \rightarrow V_1 \leftarrow \text{mapp.}$

$0 \in M(n, \mathbb{R}) \xrightarrow{\text{exp.}} 0 \in GL(n, \mathbb{R})$

$\tilde{U}_0 \xrightarrow{\text{exp.}} \tilde{V} = V_0 \cap V_1$

$\exp : \tilde{U}_0 \cap g \xrightarrow{\text{ta}} \tilde{V} \cap G$

Credobur Liek. gr. lie ab.
 nonisomorph. b. $M(a, \mathbb{R})$
 bezugsspace $\dim g$, $g = \text{Lie}(G)$

Dan. $\Phi : U_0 \rightarrow W_0 \xrightarrow{\text{mapp.}}$

$\exp : (U_0 \cap g) \rightarrow W_0 \cap G \xrightarrow{\text{mapp.}} e^g$

$L_h \circ \Phi : U_0 \rightarrow hW_0$

$h \in G$ $hW \cap G = \{h\}$

G - нек. гп. лг

$\mathfrak{g} = \text{Lie}(G)$ $\exp \mathfrak{g} = \text{одн. к. в. } G$

$$G_0 = \bigcup_{n=1}^{\infty} (\exp \mathfrak{g})^n$$

к. коэффициенты в гп. G

Следс. $\mathfrak{g} = \{0\}$
 G - гомогенна \Leftrightarrow

Теор.] G - гаусс. подгп $GL(n, \mathbb{R})$
- гп. лг

] $X \in M(n, \mathbb{R})$

также $t \rightarrow e^{tX}$ $t \in \mathbb{R}$ $e^{tX} \in G$

$e^{tX} \in G$ $t \in \mathbb{R}$

Док.

Приведем

\Rightarrow доказательство

] $e^{t_0 X} \notin G$

$$\varphi_0|_G = 0$$

] φ_0 непр.:

$$\varphi_0(e^{t_0 X}) = 1$$

$$0 \leq \varphi_0 \leq 1$$

$$\varphi(g) = \int_G \varphi_0(gk) dk$$

dk -
- rechteck.
weg für G

$$\varphi|_G = 0 \quad \varphi(e^{t_0 X}) \neq 0$$

$$\varphi(gh) = \int_G \varphi_0(ghk) dk = \int_G \varphi_0(gk) dk$$

$h \in G$

$= \varphi(g)$

z.B. φ - normale
messung $\xrightarrow{\text{re Klasser}}$
 $GL(n, \mathbb{R})/G$

z.B. normierung von un-ber auf gG
 $g \in GL(n, \mathbb{R})$

$$f(t) = \varphi(e^{tX})$$

$s \mapsto e^{tX} e^{sX}$

nur $e^{tX} G$ nur $s=0$

käccder emoradym

$$f'(t) = \frac{d}{ds} \Big|_{s=0} \varphi(e^{tX} e^{sX}) \equiv 0$$

$$\Rightarrow f(t) \equiv 0 \quad - \text{unmöglich}$$

$f(t_0) \neq 0$

$(t_0 - f(0) = 0)$